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Key indicators

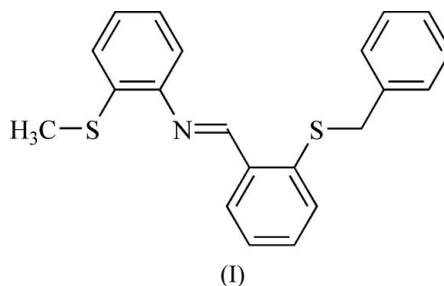
Single-crystal X-ray study
 $T = 297$ K
Mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å
 R factor = 0.043
 wR factor = 0.149
Data-to-parameter ratio = 19.1For details of how these key indicators were
automatically derived from the article, see
<http://journals.iucr.org/e>.***N*-[2-(Benzylsulfanyl)benzylidene]-2-(methylsulfanyl)aniline**The title molecule, $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{19}\text{NS}_2$, is non-planar with a dihedral angle between the two benzene rings bonded to the $\text{N}=\text{CH}$ group of $51.33(8)^\circ$.

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Comment

Schiff base ligands have played an important role in the development of coordination chemistry due to their ease of preparation (Che & Huang, 2003). Schiff base ligands are also readily modified, both sterically and electronically. Our group is interested in the synthesis and utility of sulfur-containing Schiff base ligands (Hamaker & Halbach, 2006; Hamaker & Corgliano, 2006). As part of our ongoing studies, we report the synthesis and crystal structure of the title compound, (I).

The $\text{ArN}=\text{CHAr}$ moiety in (I) (Fig. 1) is non-planar, with a dihedral angle of $51.33(8)^\circ$ between the arene rings. The $\text{N}=\text{CH}$ group is nearly coplanar with the C11–C16 arene ring, with an $\text{N}-\text{C}10-\text{C}11-\text{C}16$ torsion angle of $172.4(2)^\circ$. The C2–C7 arene ring is twisted away from coplanarity to relieve the steric repulsion between H12 and the SCH_3 group, with a $\text{C}10-\text{N}-\text{C}7-\text{C}2$ torsion angle of $140.7(2)^\circ$. The $\text{N}=\text{C}10$ double-bond length is $1.274(3)$ Å, similar to that in related molecules (Hamaker & Corgliano, 2006; Ainscough *et al.*, 2000; Özbey *et al.*, 1998).In the crystal structure, the molecules stack along the c axis; the crystal packing is shown in Fig. 2.

Experimental

To a solution of 2-(methylsulfanyl)aniline (0.960 g, 6.90 mmol) in absolute ethanol (50 ml) in a 100 ml round-bottomed flask equipped with a reflux condenser was added 2-(benzylsulfanyl)benzaldehyde (1.529 g, 6.70 mmol). The mixture was heated under reflux for 48 h, cooled to room temperature and placed in a freezer at 233 K for 14 h. The reaction product was filtered off, washed with cold ethanol and dried *in vacuo* to yield 1.490 g (63.7%) of a yellow solid. Crystals (m.p. 267–269 K) were obtained by diffusion of heptane into a 1,2-dichloroethane solution of (I). ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz): δ 8.95 (s, 1H, $\text{N}=\text{CH}$), 8.30 (m, 1H, aromatic), 7.49 (m, 1H, aromatic), 7.41 (m,

2H, aromatic), 7.27 (*m*, 8H, aromatic), 6.93 (*d*, 1H, aromatic), 4.13 (*s*, 2H, SCH₂Ph), 2.51 (*s*, 3H, SCH₃). IR (Nujol, ν , cm⁻¹): 1602 (C=N). Analysis calculated (found) for C₂₁H₁₉NS₂: C 72.16 (72.24), H 5.48 (5.46), N 4.01% (4.00%).

Crystal data

C₂₁H₁₉NS₂
M_r = 349.49
 Monoclinic, *P*2₁/*c*
a = 9.7960 (7) Å
b = 17.1416 (16) Å
c = 11.2536 (14) Å
 β = 106.699 (8)°
V = 1810.0 (3) Å³
Z = 4

D_x = 1.283 Mg m⁻³
 Mo *K*α radiation
 Cell parameters from 25 reflections
 θ = 5.6–13.7°
 μ = 0.30 mm⁻¹
T = 297 (2) K
 Plate, yellow
 0.50 × 0.50 × 0.23 mm

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer
 non-profiled $\omega/2\theta$ scans
 Absorption correction: ψ scan (North *et al.*, 1968)
T_{min} = 0.784, *T_{max}* = 0.931
 4362 measured reflections

4154 independent reflections
 2629 reflections with *I* > 2σ(*I*)
R_{int} = 0.045
 θ_{max} = 27.5°
h = -12 → 12
k = 0 → 22
l = 0 → 14

Refinement

Refinement on *F*²
R [*F*² > 2σ(*F*²)] = 0.043
wR (*F*²) = 0.149
S = 1.10
 4154 reflections
 217 parameters

H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0823P)^2]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.44 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.32 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$

Table 1

Selected geometric parameters (Å, °).

N–C10	1.274 (3)	N–C7	1.420 (3)
C16–S2–C20	104.34 (11)	C10–N–C7	118.00 (19)
C2–S1–C1	102.87 (13)	N–C10–C11	122.8 (2)

H atoms were treated as riding, with C–H distances of 0.93–0.97 Å and with *U*_{iso}(H) = 1.2*U*_{eq}(C) for the aromatic and methylene H atoms and *U*_{iso}(H) = 1.5*U*_{eq}(C) for the methyl H atoms.

Data collection: *CAD-4 EXPRESS* (Enraf–Nonius, 1994); cell refinement: *CAD-4 EXPRESS*; data reduction: *XCAD4* (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: *DIRDIF99* (Beurskens *et al.*, 1999); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

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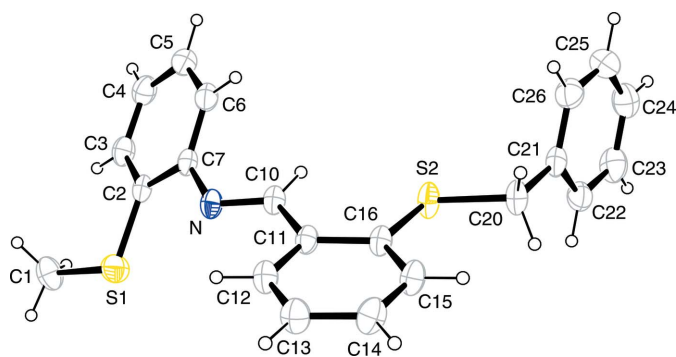


Figure 1

View of (I), showing the atom-numbering scheme and 30% probability displacement ellipsoids.

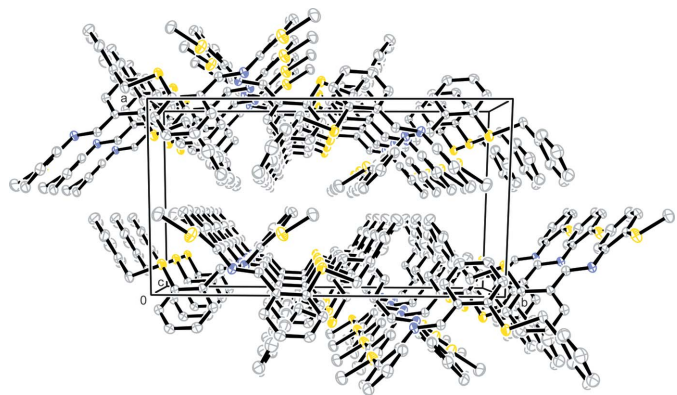


Figure 2

The crystal packing of (I), viewed along the *c* axis. H atoms have been omitted for clarity.

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